



# Leading the world to 5G: Cellular Vehicle-to-Everything (C-V2X) technologies

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Vincent D. Park  
Senior Director, Engineering  
Qualcomm Technologies, Inc.



# Our vision for the always-connected vehicle of the future

A safer, more efficient, more enjoyable driving experience



Safer—towards zero road accidents

Greener—reduce air pollution & emissions

More predictable and productive travel

# V2X is a critical component to our vision

Giving vehicles the ability to communicate with each other and beyond

## Vehicle-to-infrastructure (V2I)

e.g. traffic signal timing / priority



## Vehicle-to-network (V2N)

e.g. real-time traffic / routing, cloud services



## Vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V)

e.g. collision avoidance safety systems



## Vehicle-to-pedestrian (V2P)

e.g. safety alerts to pedestrians, bicyclists

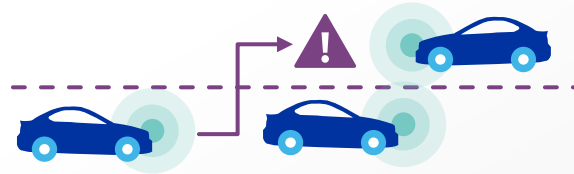


# V2X enables a broad and growing set of use cases

Much more than collision avoidance



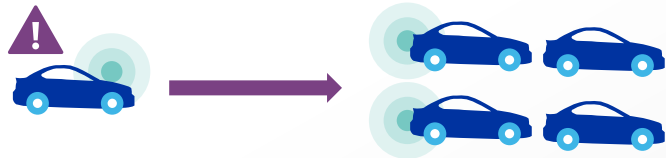
Forward collision warning



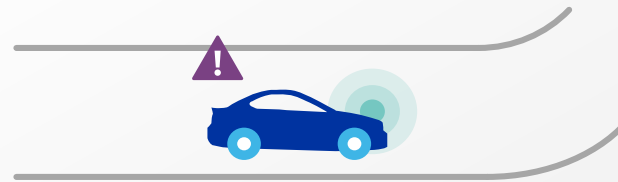
Do Not Pass Warning (DNPW)



Blind intersection



Queue warning



Curve speed warning



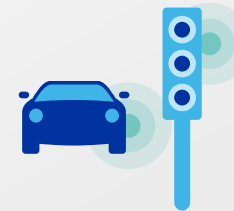
Cooperative adaptive cruise control & platooning



Vulnerable Road User (VRU) alerts



Discover parking and charging



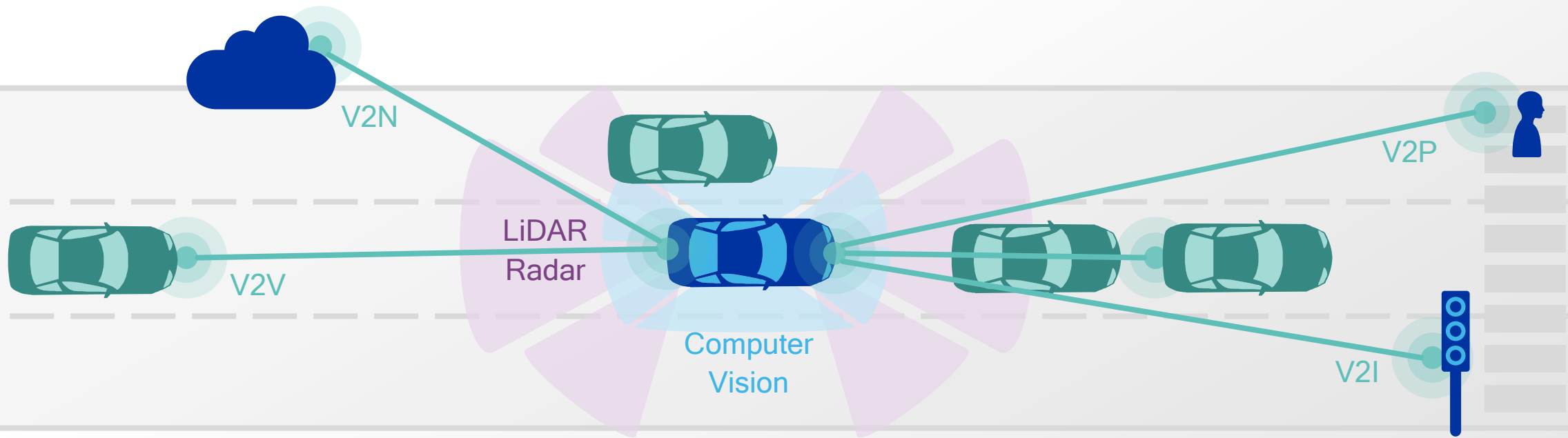
Traffic signal priority and optimal speed advisory



Emergency vehicle alert

# V2X is a key technology enabler to enhanced ADAS

Bringing significant value to Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS)



## Improved active safety

Provides 360° non-line-of-sight awareness, e.g. intersections/on-ramps, environmental conditions

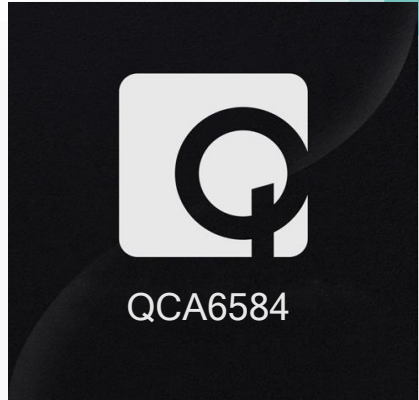
## Better traffic efficiency

Allows vehicles to safely drive closer to each other and enables optimization of overall traffic flow

## Increased situational awareness

Provides ability to gather data from further ahead to deliver a more predictable driving experience

# 802.11p has established the foundation for V2X



2nd generation Qualcomm Technologies 802.11p offering with integrated Wi-Fi LAN and Bluetooth

## Wi-Fi based technology - 802.11p standard

Adapted for latency-critical V2X communications in the 5.9 GHz band

## Established security and upper layer specifications

With service layer / performance requirements defined by SDOs, e.g. SAE, ETSI-ITS<sup>1</sup>

## Path to DSRC<sup>2</sup> rulemaking in USA by NHSTA<sup>3</sup> expected to start in 2016<sup>4</sup>

Based on 802.11p standard

## Large scale field trials completed over the last decade

Commercially available technology here today

<sup>1</sup> Standard Development Organizations, e.g. Society for Automotive Engineers, European Telecommunications Standards Institute - Intelligent Transport Systems; <sup>2</sup> Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC);

<sup>3</sup> National Highway Traffic Safety Administration; <sup>4</sup> To improve road safety for future 'light vehicles' - Qualcomm has conducted extensive research into various use cases for DSRC, including V2P applications that could extend the safety benefits to vulnerable road users such as pedestrians and cyclists

# Introducing Cellular V2X (C-V2X)

A unified connectivity platform for the connected vehicle of the future



**Part of Release 14 of the global 3GPP standard**

Target C-V2X specification completion end of 2016<sup>1</sup>

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**Builds upon existing LTE connectivity platform for automotive**

LTE already delivering key services today, e.g. telematics, eCall, connected infotainment

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**Enhances LTE Direct for V2X direct communications**

Improvements over 802.11p - up to a few additional seconds of alert latency and 2x range<sup>2</sup>

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**Leverages existing LTE networks for V2X network communications**

Using LTE Broadcast optimized for V2X to offer additional applications/services

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**Rich roadmap towards 5G with strong ecosystem support**

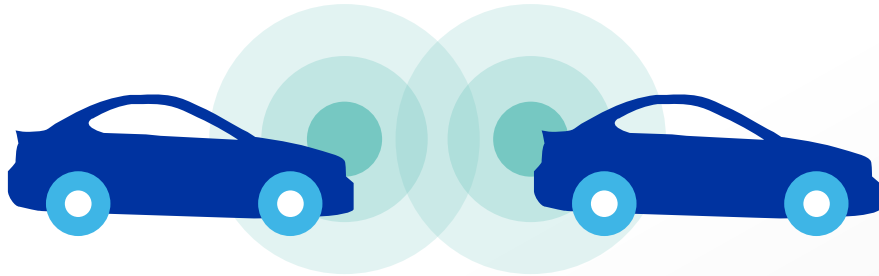
Technology evolution to address expanding capabilities/use cases

<sup>1</sup> For Direct communications component (enhancements to LTE Direct) - overall spec completion expected mid-2017; <sup>2</sup> Based on Qualcomm Research simulations (see future slides for further information)

# C-V2X defines two complementary transmission modes

## PC5 interface

e.g. location, speed



## Direct communications

Building upon LTE Direct device-to-device design with enhancements for high speeds / high Doppler, high density, improved synchronization and low latency

- Proximal direct communications (100s of meters)
- Operates both in- and out-of-coverage
- Latency-sensitive use cases, e.g. V2V safety

## Uu interface

e.g. accident 1 kilometer ahead



## Network communications

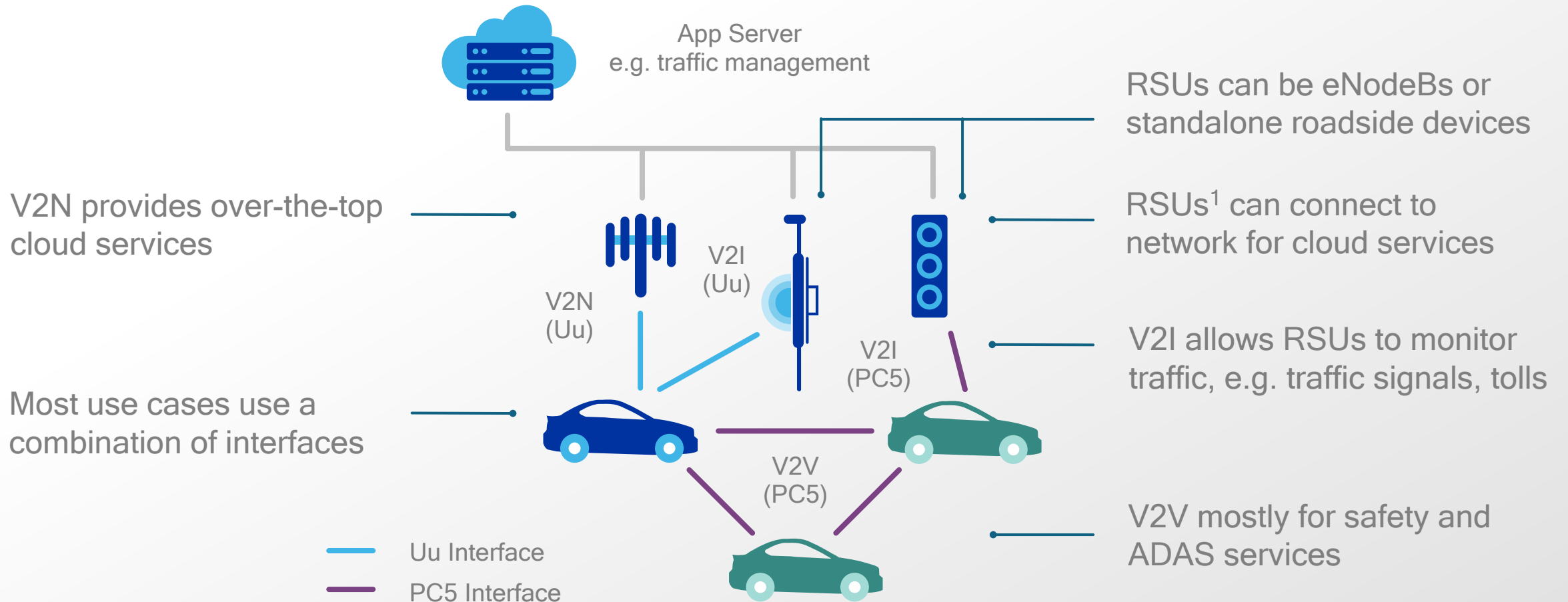
Using LTE Broadcast to broadcast messages from a V2X server to vehicles and beyond. Vehicles can send messages to server via unicast.

- Wide area networks communications
- Leverages existing LTE networks
- More latency tolerant use cases, e.g. V2N situational awareness



# Delivering advanced services to vehicles

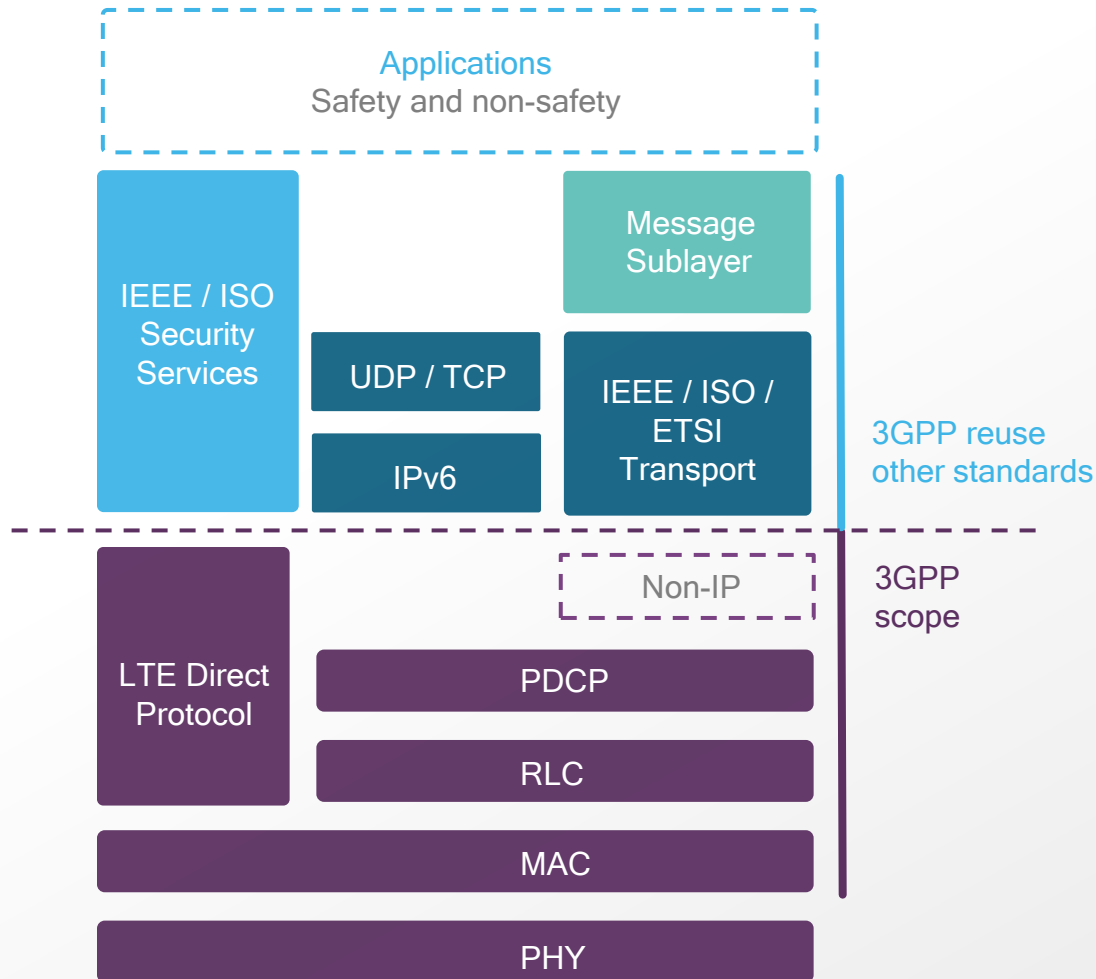
Opening up new opportunities and diverse business models for MNOs



<sup>1</sup> Road Side Units

# C-V2X builds upon LTE Direct D2D communications

With enhancements to address V2X requirements



Reuse established service & app layers

Already defined by automotive community, e.g. SAE

Reuse existing security and transport layers

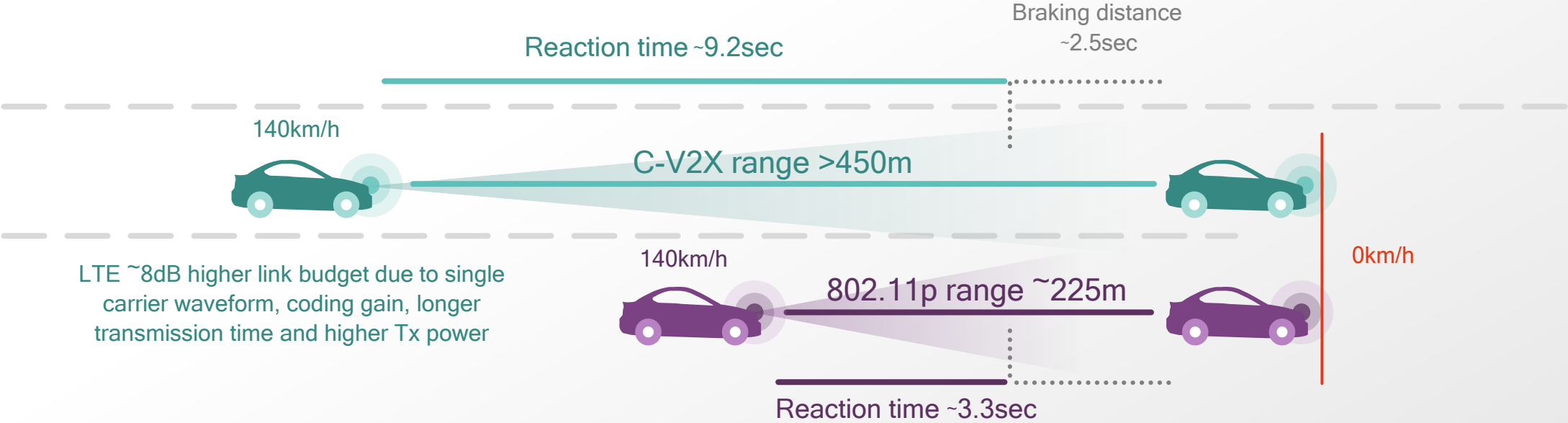
Defined by ISO, ETSI, and IEEE 1609 family

Enhancements to LTE Direct PHY/MAC

To address latency-critical, reliable V2X communications

# C-V2X increases reaction time over 802.11p/DSRC

For improved safety use cases - especially at high-speeds, e.g. highway



**Safer driving experience**

Increased driver reaction time

**Support for high speeds**

Relative speeds up to 500km/h

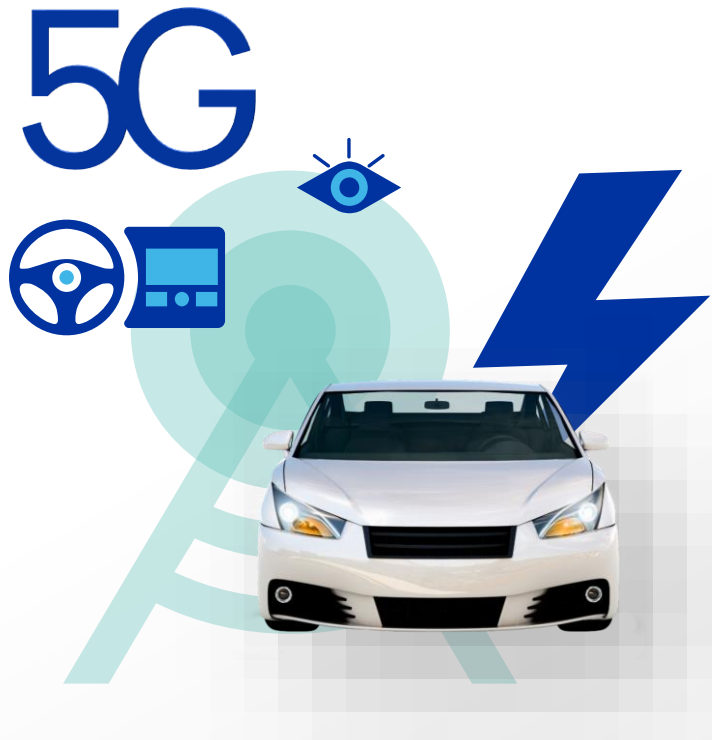
**Increased situational awareness**

Gather data from further ahead

Based on link level curves and the 3GPP LOS path loss model @ 10% Packet Error - Actual performance varies significantly with vehicle density and environment

# 5G will bring new capabilities for the connected vehicle

## New OFDM-based 5G air interface scalable to an extreme variation of requirements



### Extreme throughput

Up to multi-Gpbs with more uniformity—wider bandwidths, advanced antenna techniques

### Edgeless connectivity

New ways of connect, e.g. multi-hop to extend coverage, plus natively incorporate D2D

### High reliability

Ultra-reliable transmissions that can be time multiplexed with nominal traffic through puncturing

### 1ms end-to-end latency

Through a faster, more flexible frame structure; also new uplink RSMA non-orthogonal access

### High availability

Multi-connectivity to provide multiple links for failure tolerance and mobility

# 5G will build upon and enhance C-V2X

New 5G platform will augment / complement C-V2X—no 'rip and replace'



Multi-mode vehicle with simultaneous connectivity across 4G LTE, C-V2X and 5G

4G LTE

Continue to evolve and provide ubiquitous coverage as 5G is rolled out

C-V2X

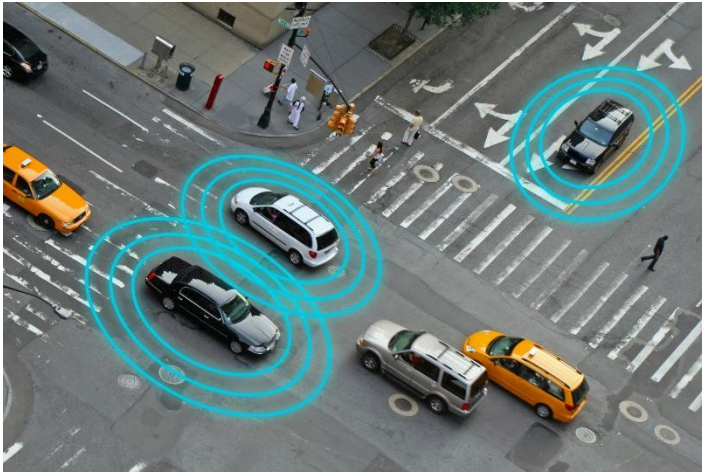
C-V2X direct and network communications

5G

Bring new capabilities for C-V2X network communications and augment C-V2X direct communications over time

# Enabling the next gen of connected vehicle experiences

## Sample use cases



### Fully autonomous driving

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e.g. cooperative collision avoidance and high-density platooning which requires new levels of latency and reliability, plus larger message sizes



### V2X augmented reality

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e.g. see-through capability when driving behind truck or leveraging real-time video feeds for navigation systems



### Extreme mobile broadband

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Passengers can enjoy the next generation of connected immersive experiences, e.g. Virtual Reality, 3D/UHD video telepresence

# In summary



V2X is a critical component of our vision for the always-connected, more autonomous vehicle of the future

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Cellular V2X brings improvements over 802.11p/DSRC for active safety use cases and beyond - part of 3GPP Release 14

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Roadmap to 5G will bring even more potential for the connected vehicle—built upon C-V2X, so no ‘rip or replace’

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Qualcomm is leading the way to the connected vehicle of the future - pushing wireless boundaries and bringing new levels of on-device intelligence

Learn more at: [www.qualcomm.com/C-V2X](http://www.qualcomm.com/C-V2X)

# Thank you

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