

SPECIAL ISSUE



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IMPORTANT DATES

- Submission <u>extended</u> to 27 August 2021
- First Round Reviews 28 October 2021
- Second Round Submissions
 23 December 2021
- Second Round Reviews22 February 2022
- Final Articles by4 March 2022
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Artificial Intelligence for Autonomous Vehicular Communication Networks

With the advancement of sensing, communications and networking, unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) and autonomous vehicles are expected to play a vital role in a variety of areas, including healthcare, industry 4.0, smart farming and agriculture, logistics, transportation, and public safety. Together with the upcoming B5G/6G technologies, connected vehicular systems will become more ubiquitous and practical. Artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) techniques can provide significant benefits towards automating the tasks of sensing, computing, and communicating in vehicular communication networks.

To achieve real-time perception and autonomous control, computing and communications in Alenabled vehicular communication networks will be more complex and heterogeneous than before. Security and privacy will be extremely challenging, due to certain characteristics of these complex systems (high mobility of nodes and unreliable link connectivity) combined with vulnerable end devices, limited resources, and heterogeneous networking. For example, data collected from sensors for Al-based approaches pose new security threats. ML models trained at edge devices may suffer from various malicious attacks, but distributed ML algorithms are essential in vehicular communication networks with multiple self-organizing vehicles for control that is both scalable and low-latency.

The objective of this special issue is to bring together state-of-the-art innovations and research activities (from both academia and industry) to explore Al-based autonomous vehicular communication network technologies. Topics of interest include but are not limited to:

- Edge learning in autonomous vehicular communication networks
- Deep learning and distributed machine learning for vehicular communication networks
- Al techniques for radio environment awareness in vehicular networks
- Reinforcement learning for network decision making, network control, and management
- Reinforcement learning for self-organized vehicular communication networks
- Predictive QoS in autonomous vehicular communication networks
- Privacy-preserving machine learning for autonomous vehicular communication networks

- Blockchain-enabled autonomous vehicular communication networks
- Joint design of Al-based communication and sensing in vehicular communication networks
- Al-driven energy-efficient architectures/solutions for autonomous vehicular communication networks
- Fault detection and self-healing in vehicular communication networks
- New Al-based intelligent transportation systems and services in vehicular communication networks

Submitted papers should contain state-of-the-art research or technical material presented in a tutorial or survey style. All manuscripts should adhere to the IEEE VTM guidelines at http://www.ieeevtc.org/vtmagazine/submission.php. Authors should submit their PDF manuscripts to http://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/vtm-ieee. (Select Special Issue when submitting.)